

Tudor Timeline

1485	1509	1534	1547	1553	1558	1588	1603
Henry Tudor is crowned King Henry VII.	Henry VII dies. His son, Henry VIII becomes King.	Henry VIII forms the Church of England, separating it from the Roman Catholic Church.	Henry VIII dies. His son, Edward VI becomes King aged 9 years old.	Edward VI dies and the throne is given to Lady Jane Grey (Edward's cousin once removed) for just 9 days before Mary I takes the throne.	Mary I dies. Her half-sister Elizabeth I is Queen of England.	The Spanish Armada is defeated by the English.	Queen Elizabeth I dies ending the Tudor reign.

	Key Vocabulary
heir	A person who will inherit the throne when the current King or Queen dies.
monarch	A person who rules over a place, usually a king or queen.
reign	To rule over a country as a monarch.
throne	The position of a king or queen.
The Age of Exploration	A time when European nations began exploring the world. Also known as The Age of Discovery. This was from the 1400s to the 1600s.



Tudor Rose – symbol of peace between the Tudors and Lancasters.



Food and Drink

- Food was seen as a sign of wealth.
- Bread, butter, cheese, eggs, fish and meat were usually on the menu along with potage (a vegetable broth thickened with oats.)
- Meat could include beef, pork, lamb, rabbit, pheasant, deer, goose, wild boar and pigeon.
- Henry VIII often ate swan and seagull.
- Water was not used as a drink as it was thought to be unsafe. People, including children, would drink weak ale instead.

Shakespeare

William Shakespeare was a famous poet, playwright and actor of the Tudor times. He wrote many plays including Romeo and Juliet and A Midsummer Night's Dream which were performed at the Globe Theatre in London.

Henry VIII's Wives



Catherine of Aragon (divorced)



Anne Boleyn (beheaded)



Jane Seymour (died)



Anne of Cleves (divorced)



Catherine Howard (beheaded)



Katherine Parr (survived)